

Ancient Egypt — Year 6—Autumn 1

Interesting Books



Egyptian Artefacts

scarab



sphinx



death mask



Subject Specific Vocabulary

ancient	Something from very long ago.
archaeologist	A person who finds and studies artefacts to discover how people lived in the past.
artefact	An object made or used by a human; usually of interest to historians.
canopic jar	Special jars that held the organs of a mummy including the lungs, intestines, liver and stomach.
civilisation	A human society with well-developed rules and government, often where technology and the arts are considered important.
dynasty	A line of hereditary rulers in a country. A dynasty starts when a ruler takes power; they then pass on their kingdom to their children when they die.
hierarchy	A system of organising people into different ranks or levels of importance, for example in society.
hieroglyphics	A system of writing that consists of pictures and symbols instead of letters.
irrigation	A system of canals or channels dug by the Egyptians to supply water to grow crops over a larger area than the water would naturally reach.
mummification	The process of preserving a body after death in preparation for the afterlife.
The Nile	A river that runs through Egypt. It was essential to life in ancient Egypt.
papyrus	A plant that grew on the banks of the Nile. It was used as an early version of paper.
Pharaoh	A ruler of ancient Egypt.
pyramids	Large tombs built for the Pharaohs
sarcophagus	A large stone box that help a mummy's coffin. They were often richly decorated for Pharaohs.
scribe	A scribe recorded in writing the everyday life and extraordinary happenings in ancient Egypt.
tomb	A sealed room where a person was place after death.
Tutankhamun	Youngest Pharah, famed for his burial tomb in the Valley of the Kings.

The Nile

Life revolved around the Nile. Every year, it flooded and left behind a black silt that enriched the soil for growing crops. The river was also used to irrigate fields in other areas. The Nile was used for water, fishing and trade. Mud from the river banks was used to make bricks and papyrus plants were used to make paper. Most people lived along and around the Nile. This is still true in Egypt today.

Tutankhamun

Tutankhamun was a pharaoh known more recently as the 'boy king' because he became pharaoh when he was 9 years old. His tomb was discovered by Howard Carter and his team in the Valley of the Kings in 1922. The discovery helped people to understand more about the Egyptians pharaohs.

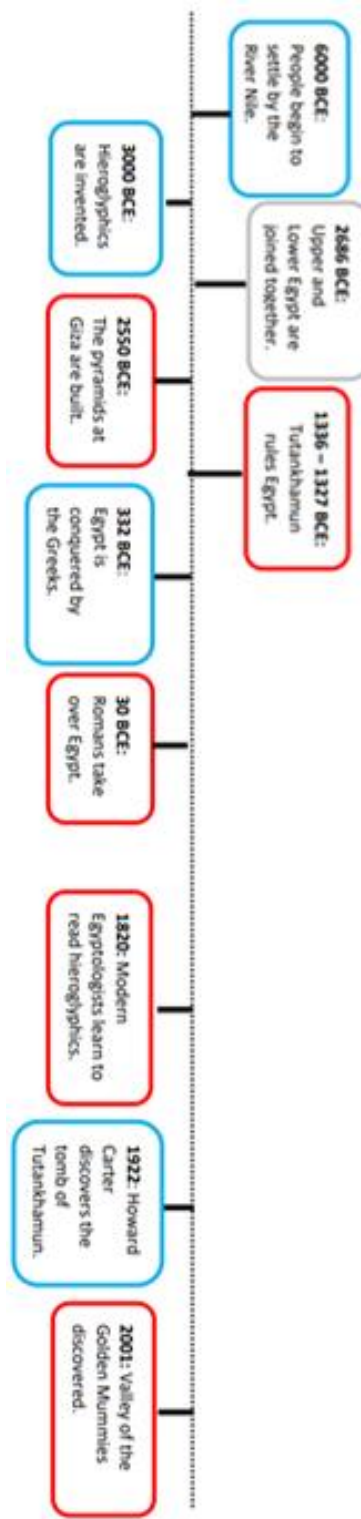
Writing (Hieroglyphics)

In ancient Egypt, scribes wrote on papyrus. Papyrus was a thick type of paper made from reeds that grew along the Nile. Scribes were mostly men who went to a special school to learn to write. Scribes wrote using hieroglyphs. Hieroglyphs were used for religious texts and inscriptions on statues and tombs. They were also used for counting crops and animals so that the right taxes could be taken.

Science

Electricity is a form of energy that makes things work. Electrical circuits are closed paths for currents to flow usually made of components joined by wires. Series circuits are ones which contain more than one resistor where as a parallel circuit has more than one path through which the electricity (electrons) can flow. When a circuit has more batteries (or a higher voltage) there is more power flowing through a circuit. This means a bulb will be lighter or a buzzer will sound louder. Reducing the voltage in a circuit would make a bulb shine dimmer.

Component	Symbol	Purpose
Cell (Battery)		Provides electrical energy
Power supply		Alternative to using cells
Wire		Allows current to travel
Bulb/light		Converts electrical energy into heat and light
Motor		Converts electrical energy into movement energy
Buzzer		Converts electrical energy into sound energy
Switch		Allows circuit to be opened or closed



English

Key texts:

- The Lost Happy Endings

Reading:

- Cogheart

Writing genres:

- Poetry
- Narrative
- Discussions

SPaG: word classification, relative clauses, speech punctuation



Maths

Place Value

Numbers to 10 million
Round any integer
Negative numbers

Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication and Division

Add and subtract integers
Common factors and multiples
Multiply up to a 4 digit by 2 digit numbers
Short and long division
Square, cube and prime numbers
Order of operations

Music

Explore the main features and structure of Jazz music, look at different styles of jazz, beginner improvisation techniques.

Computing

Use microbits to practice coding sequences.

RE

Hinduism: What is the significance of Karma and Moksha for a Hindu?

Art

2D drawings to 3D sculpture inspired by Lubaina Himid

French

À l'école (At school)

PE

Tag Rugby & orienteering