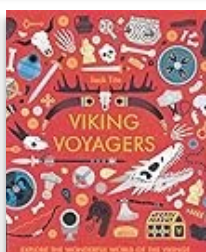
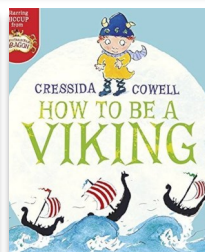


The Vikings - Year 4 - Spring 2

Interesting Books



An example of Vikings in battle



The Jorvik Viking Centre

Subject Specific Vocabulary

Archaeologist

People who discover our history by looking at artefacts that have been found.

Raids

A sudden armed attack with the aim of causing damage rather than occupying any of the enemy's land.

Vicious

To be intentionally harmful or nasty. Vikings warriors were known to be vicious.

Longhouse

A large hall-like building where many Viking families would live together.

Beserkers

Warriors that went to war wearing wolf or bear skins. They were out of control and charged fearlessly. The word 'berserk' came from it.

Longship

The narrow boat used by Vikings to raid along coasts.

Odin

One of the most famous Viking Gods known for wisdom.

Scandinavia

The name given to a collection of countries: Denmark, Norway and Sweden.

Danelaw

The name given to lands in Britain occupied by the Vikings.

Misconception

This means mis-understanding. In Viking terms there were many misunderstandings about the Vikings.

Jorvik

The Viking name for the city of York. York now has a famous Viking museum called Jorvik.

Norsemen

The name given to people living in Scandinavia at the time of the Vikings. Meaning: men from the North.

Runes

Viking letters of the alphabet.

Where did the Vikings come from?



Norway



Sweden



Denmark

Settlements

Vikings lived in 'longhouses', which were houses made of one room. They were made of wattle and daub and had thatched roofs.



The fire for cooking food was often in the middle of the room with a hole in the ceiling to allow the smoke to escape.

Maths

Division—Divide a 2-digit and 3-digit number by a 1-digit number

Fractions—Compare and order mixed numbers

Fractions—Understand improper fractions

Fractions—Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions and vice versa

Time - convert between analogue and digital

Time - convert from the 24 hour clock

Statistics—interpret charts and draw line graphs

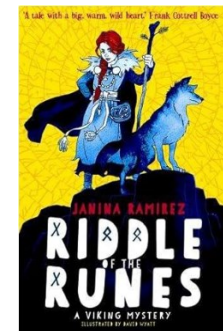
Key Events and Facts

- The Vikings left Scandinavia to set out on an expedition to raid and settle in Britain.
- They were great traders and seafarers. They were skilled at farming, fishing, craft work and hunting.
- The Vikings invaded Britain repeatedly, setting up bases and taking land and riches, particularly from monasteries as they had riches and were not well-defended.
- King Alfred of Wessex, also known as Alfred the Great, initially fought the Vikings but then peace was agreed and the country was divided. Wessex and Danelaw were created and later united as part of England.
- The Viking and Anglo-Saxon rule came to an end in 1066 during the Battle of Hastings.



English

We will be writing letters ensuring that we follow the conventions of letter writing correctly. Later in the term, we will develop our own narratives and use them to write comic strips that feature a mythical creature.



Computing

- Artificial Intelligence
- e-safety

PE

Tennis, hockey and swimming

Art

Making and decorating our own runes.

RE

Who do Christians believe Jesus is?

French

Presenting myself: revise basic greetings and learn how to ask and answer the question 'how are you?'

Music

Learning songs and rehearsing for the Middle Years performance.

Science

Sound: identify how sounds are made, recognise that vibrations from sounds travel, find patterns in relation to pitch.

Jigsaw (PSHE)

Healthy me—making healthy choices, being physically active, healthy friendships.